,Road map of digital transformation of a country

Introduction

Nowadays, With the advent of technological progress and digital technologies, the world has changed.

Internet, big data, social media, and issues like these have driven organizations to a higher level of interactions with customers, processes, and services enabled by information technology. From buying a pair of shoes through voice commands to using information from sensors and drones, analyzing the method of farming and increasing products, or using smartphones and their applications to find the shortest route, considering the traffic and weather conditions, are examples of the impact of technologies. We can say, "Digital is swallowing up the industrial and physical world." Digital transformation is a global process, and there will be no safe haven to protect the old business models. Countries and governments are also not safe from these developments. Emerging technologies affect how the government's operations interact with citizens, businesses, and institutions. Technology has provided new ways to manage, process, and provide services to users and provides a large amount of data and information for users and services.

The vision of the digital country can be defined as follows: "a healthy and cooperative society with a smart economy and sustainable growth and efficient and transparent governance as a result of the use

The six ideals of "increasing the physical and mental health of society," "promoting people's participation in society administration," "increasing the efficiency of governance," "increasing transparency," "increasing employment," and "improving the space of free competition" can be defined based on the Digital country's vision.

The building blocks of a digital country: visions, ideals, goals, strategies, policies, and projects.

These elements can be considered in three layers enablers, applications and effects.

The layer of enablers of a digital country includes six structures: law, infrastructure, security, identity, literacy, and open data.

The application layer of the digital country includes three structures: digital society, digital government, and digital business.

As a result of the digital country, the country's main issues can be examined in three social, economic, and bio-environmental dimensions.

The digital country's expected time horizon, ideals, goals, and strategies are the year \*\*\*\*, and the time horizon of the formulated policies and projects is the year \*\*\*\*.